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St. James's, April 6.

THIS Day at Noon, the following Congratulatory Addreſs of the Univerſity of Oxford, on the Concluſion of the Peace, was preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honorable the Earl of Litchfield their Chancellor, introduced by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Chamberlain; and attended by the Reverend Dr. Niblett, Warden of All Souls College, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, and the following Noblemen and Gentlemen, who were formerly, or are at preſent, Members of the Univerſity, in their reſpective Academical Habits, viz. His Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury; the Dukes of Queenſberry and Leeds; Earl Talbot, Lord Steward of the Houſhold; the Earls of Huntingdon, Suffolk, Peterborough, Cork, Shafteſbury, Angleſey, Oxford, Bath, and Guildford; the Lords Charles and Robert Spencer; the Viſcounts Say and Sele, Stortont Folkeſtone, and Beauchamp; the Biſhops of Durham, Hereford, Worceſter, Bangor, Oxford, Carliſle, Exeter, Kildare, and Clonfert; the Lords Willoughby de Broke, Leigh, Sandys, Bruce, Archer, Mansfield, Lyttelton, and Scarſdale; the Right Honorable Sir Francis Daſhwood, Bart. Chancellor of the Exchequer; the Right Honorable Sir John Phillips, Bart.; the Honorable and Reverend Mr. Bruce, the Honorable and Reverend Dr. Talbot, the Honorable Mr. Bouverie, Mr. Ward, Mr. Marſham, and Mr. Lyttelton; Sir Walter Bagot, and Sir Richard Newdigate, Barts. Members for the Univerſity; Sir Charles Mordaunt, Sir Charles Kemeys Tynte, Sir Robert Burdett, Sir Thomas Worſley, Sir Thomas Robinſon, Sir Frank Standiſh, and Sir Richard Glynn, Barts.; Sir John Gibbons, Knight of the Bath; Sir Septimus Robinſon, Uſher of the Black Rod; with ſeveral Members of Parliament; a great Number of Doctors in all Faculties; and Maſters of Arts; amounting in the Whole to upwards of Two Hundred.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt faithful and loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Maſters and Scholars of your Univerſity of Oxford, humbly beg Leave to approach your Royal Preſence with our moſt ſincere and cordial Congratulations on this happy Occaſion. Under your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Adminiſtration each Year teems with new Bleſſings, and each Year calls upon us to preſent unto your Majeſty our juſt Tribute of dutiful Acknowledgments.

Your Majeſty, on your Acceſſion to the Throne of theſe Kingdoms, found the Nation involved in a neceſſary, but expenſive and deſtructive, War; and your firſt Care hath been to eaſe your Subjects from this Burthen, and reſtore to them the Bleſſings of Peace. Your Majeſty's prudent and vigorous Meaſures have compelled the Enemy to accept of reaſonable Terms of Accommodation, and happily put an End to a Glorious and Succeſsful War, by a moſt Advantageous and Honourable Peace.

We have likewiſe the further Satisfaction, through your Majeſty's wiſe Counſels and Negociations, to ſee this Bleſſing become General; and all Chriſtendom, which had long groaned under the Calamities of War, enjoying the Benefits of Quiet and Repoſe.

Such an Event, however extenſively beneficial and univerſally intereſting, is in a more particular Manner favourable to Nurſeries of Religion and Learning: That Religion, whoſe peculiar Characteriſtick is Peace and Benevolence; thoſe Arts and Sciences, which chiefly delight in Peace, and always flouriſh

Permit us, Dread Sir, on this joyful Occaſion, to give the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of our inviolable Attachment to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government: And we promiſe ourſelves all Happineſs and Proſperity under your Majeſty's mild and impartial Adminiſtration, by being in Peace with the neighbouring Kingdoms, and at Unity among ourſelves. That your Majeſty may enjoy a long and happy Reign, that the Bleſſings of Peace may attend it, and the Arts of Peace adorn it, is the ardent Wiſh and earneſt Prayer of your ever grateful and loyal Univerſity.

Given at our Houſe of Convocation, this Thirty-firſt Day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty three.

To which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to return the following moſt gracious Anſwer.

IT is highly acceptable to Me to receive theſe your warm Congratulations on the Re-eſtabliſhment of the Public Tranquillity; an Event ſo intereſting to Humanity, ſo peculiarly connected with the Advancement of Religion, and the Improvement of Letters. Your zealous and unwearied Attention to theſe great and important Objects of your Care and Duty, juſtly entitle you to My Countenance and conſtant Protection.

They were all moſt graciouſly received; and had the Honour of kiſſing His Majeſty's Hand.

The following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Stafford, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Hon. Lord Grey, and William Bagot, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

PERMIT us, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy and Freeholders of your County of Stafford, to preſent to your Majeſty our moſt humble and ſincere Congratulations on the Return of Peace.

Glorious as our Conqueſts muſt appear, which, under God, have been effected by the Wiſdom of your Majeſty's Councels, the Conduct of your Generals, and intrepid Valour of your Forces, unparalleled by theſe or other Kingdoms in any Period of Time, we muſt have been deſtitute of Humanity (that Characteriſtic of Bravery) had we not felt very ſenſibly for the Sufferings and Calamities which ſo long and extenſive a War hath inevitably occaſioned.

We rejoice therefore moſt ſincerely with your Majeſty, that through your humane and wiſe Endeavours (unreſtrained by ſo many increaſing Difficulties) a Stop is now put to the Effuſion of human Blood; that you have ſo ſucceſsfully proſecuted this extended War in the moſt vigorous and effectual Manner, and brought your Enemies to ſuch Juſt and Honourable Terms (now improved and perfected) as muſt ever redound to your Majeſty's Glory, and to the Satisfaction and Advantage of your Kingdoms.

The great Acquiſitions now ſecured to us, the firm Foundation laid by your Majeſty's Wiſdom for the Increaſe of Trade and Commerce to theſe Kingdoms, together with your gracious Recommendation from the Throne, of ſuch Meaſures as can alone ſupport us in our preſent Height of Glory, render it an indiſpenſible Duty to offer this Teſtimony of our warmeſt Gratitude; and it is our earneſt Wiſh and Prayer to Almighty God, that your Majeſty may

long enjoy the Fruits of these Blessings, and remain the Glory and Protector of a happy and free People.

The following Address of the Magistrates and Burgesses of the Borough of Wallingford, has been presented to His Majesty by Mr. Blackstone, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Magistrates and Burgesses of the Borough of Wallingford, Berks.

May it please your Majesty,

GRaciously to accept the most dutiful and sincere Congratulations of this your Majesty's antient and loyal Borough, on the happy Re establishment of Peace, after the long Ravages of a bloody and expensive, though just and glorious, War.

The signal Successes, with which it hath pleased the Almighty to crown the Arms of your Majesty and your Royal Grandfather, have long been the Objects of our Triumph and the Themes of our warmest Gratitude. From the auspicious Reduction of Louisburgh to the late arduous Conquest of the Havannah, every Campaign has risen in its Splendor and Importance, and reflected accumulated Honour on the Wisdom of the Royal Counsels, and the Bravery of your Fleets and Armies. But your Majesty's Moderation and Humanity excite in our Hearts still stronger and more pleasing Sensations; while we see our Magnanimous Sovereign, in the Vigour of youthful Ardor, and the full Career of Victory, feeling for the Burthens of his People, rejecting the Allurements of Ambition, and, when all the laudable Ends of War are now fully accomplished, sheathing that Sword of Justice, which he never yet bore in vain.

It affords us the most favourable Omens of future Happiness, that, besides the Protection insured to our established Commerce in every Quarter of the Globe, by Means the most durable, because the most equitable and moderate, so vast an Empire in America hath been added to the British Crown. New Sources of Foreign Trade, new Demands for domestic Manufactures, already open to our View. We rejoice at the Prospect that the Influence of English Liberty, and English Laws, will gradually be extended to Slaves and untutored Savages; and that the Knowledge of God, and His Religion, will be diffused among Millions, now sunk in deplorable Ignorance, or blinded with gross Superstition.

May your Majesty long reign over us, to improve the Blessings of Peace, to be the Patron of Arts, the Rewarder of Science, the Fountain of domestic Œconomy, the Guardian of our Civil Liberties, and (if Necessity should again require) the Scourge of the Enemies of Britain.

Given at our Council Chamber this Fourth Day of April, 1763.

The following Address of the Magistrates and Council of the City of Glasgow, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Magistrates and Council of the City of Glasgow, in Common Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Magistrates and City Council of Glasgow, in Common Council assembled, beg Leave, in Behalf of this Corporation, to congratulate your Majesty on the Definitive Treaty of Peace lately concluded with France and Spain.

The immense Territories added to the British Empire in North America, the Boundaries whereof are now ascertained in the clearest Manner; the many Commercial Advantages acquired, and most important Possessions, in various Parts of the Globe, annexed to your Majesty's Dominions; the Humbling the Power of France, and Checking the ambitious Views of Spain; the Protecting and Supporting your the Raising the Glory and Reputation of Britain to an Height not only surprizing, but exceeding our most sanguine Expectations; the Enlarging and Extending the Trade and Commerce of the British Subjects, which, by the Divine Blessing, has a natural Tendency to preserve and increase our Naval Power, being, under God, our surest and principal Support; and the Terminating a successful War by a safe and glorious Peace, have rendered the short Period of your Majesty's Reign now past, more illustrious than any of your most August Predecessors.

Permit us, at the same Time, humbly and gratefully to acknowledge the internal Felicity of your Majesty's Subjects, our domestick Peace and Tranquility secured, when great Part of Europe, and even some of your Majesty's Dominions, were involved in a ruinous and destructive War, our Trade and Manufactures promoted and encouraged, our Laws and Liberties maintained, and every Measure pursued for rendering us a loyal, happy and contented People.

May your Majesty long be preserved for a Protector of the Sacred and Civil Rights of Mankind, may Heaven continue to bless your Majesty's Councils, and make your Reign equally distinguished for promoting and cultivating Civil and Commercial Arts, as for Success in War, and Wisdom in concluding a Peace; may your Subjects always be sensible of their Happiness under a Patriotick Prince, who makes the Laws the Rule of his Administration; and may the inestimable Blessings we enjoy be transmitted, by a Succession of your Majesty's Issue, to the latest Period of Time.

Signed in Presence and by Appointment,
Glasgow, March 30, *Arch. Ingram*, Provost.
1763.

Vienna, March 19. This Day being the Feast of the Archduke, it was celebrated here with great Pomp. The Prussian Officers, the Number of which amounts to near Two Hundred, were admitted to see their Majesties and the Imperial Family at Dinner. Great Civility is shown to those Officers; and, before they return home, they will be admitted to kiss her Imperial Majesty's Hand. We hear from Silesia, that Glatz is already evacuated; and that the Prussians are actually victualling that Place. The greatest Part of the Regiments of the Austrian Cavalry will remain in Bohemia till farther Orders; and it is said they will be reviewed there, in Presence of her Imperial Majesty.

Nuremberg, March 22. The Negociations for a Reconciliation between the House of Saxe and the Dutchess of Saxe Meiningen, still continue under the Mediation of the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel; and the Troops of the Dukes of Saxe have quitted the Dutchy of Meiningen.

The Diet of the Circle of Franconia has received Imperial Letters Requisitorial, notifying to them, that the Regiments of Mentz and Wurtzbourg, which have hitherto been in the Pay of the Court of Vienna, are to return to their respective Countries; and that a Train of Artillery coming from Bohemia is to traverse the Empire going to the Low Countries.

The Saxons have at last begun their March, and the first Column has already passed by Bamberg.

Berlin, March 26. The latest Accounts from Silesia say, that the Troops of the Empress Queen began to evacuate Glatz on the 13th Instant; that his Serene Highness the Duke of Bevern took Possession of that Fortress on the 18th; and that his Prussian Majesty, who was arrived at Schweidnitz, intended to be there on the 21st. From thence he will visit Neisse, Breslaw, and Glogaw, and is expected here by the End of next Week.

Yesterday and this Day the Regiments of Gens d'Armes, and Gardes du Corps, Cavalry, and Ziethen's Hussars, arrived here from Saxony, so that the Garrison of this Capital is now compleat.

Prince Repnin, late Minister Plenipotentiary at this Court from the Empress of Russia, set out from hence on the 22d for Moscow.

Hague, April 5. The Prince of Orange's Distemper goes on so favourably, that we have the greatest Reason, with the Blessing of God, to flatter

We hear from Liege, that Prince Clement of Saxony is now there, and appears as a Candidate for that Biſhoprick.

Paris, April 6. The Palais Royal belonging to the Duke of Orleans is now burning. The Fire began about Eleven o'Clock, and ſtill rages at Three. It began at the Opera Houſe, which is burnt to the Ground, as well as the Wing of the Palace adjoining to it. They are removing the Pictures as faſt as poſſible, but it is feared they will be much damaged in the Hurry and Confuſion.

By the Lords Juſtices General and General Governors of Ireland,

A PROCLAMATION,

George Armagh. Shannon. Jn. Ponſonby.

WHEREAS His Majeſty hath been pleaſed to iſſue His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date at His Court at St. *James's* the twenty-firſt Day of this Inſtant *March*, in the Words following, viz.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

"WHereas a Definitive Treaty of Peace and "Friendſhip between Us, the Moſt Chriſtian King, and the King of Spain, to which the "King of Portugal hath acceded, hath been concluded at Paris on the Tenth Day of February laſt, and the Ratifications thereof have been exchanged upon the Tenth Day of this Inſtant "March; In Conformity thereunto, We have "thought fit hereby to Command, that the ſame "be publiſhed throughout all Our Dominions: And "We do declare, to all Our loving Subjects, Our "Will and Pleaſure, That the ſaid Treaty of Peace "and Friendſhip be obſerved inviolably, as well by "Sea as Land, and in all Places whatſoever; ſtrictly "Charging and Commanding all our loving Subjects to take Notice hereof, and to conform "themſelves thereunto accordingly."

And whereas His Majeſty hath ſignified His Royal Pleaſure, That the ſaid Proclamation be forthwith Publiſhed in this Kingdom, in the uſual Manner; we the Lords Juſtices in Obedience to His Majeſty's ſaid Commands, do hereby Publiſh His Majeſty's ſaid Royal Proclamation accordingly, ſtrictly Charging and Commanding all His Majeſty's loving Subjects to take Notice thereof, and to conform themſelves according to the Tenor of the ſaid Proclamation.

Given at His Majeſty's Caſtle of *Dublin*, the 28th Day of *March*, 1763.

By their Excellencies Command,

Tho. Waite.

GOD Save the KING.

Dublin Caſtle, March 30.

This Day His Majeſty's Proclamation of Peace was made in the following Manner:

THE Officers of Arms, with the Serjeants at Arms and Trumpeters, mounted their Horſes at College Green, and proceeded from thence, accompanied by a Squadron of Dragoons to Corke Hill, where the Lord Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Sheriffs, attended: And Ulſter King of Arms having preſented to his Lordſhip a Warrant from the Lords Juſtices for Proclaiming the Peace, the Proceſſion was made to the Caſtle as follows:

A Party of Dragoons to clear the Way; Lord Mayor's Leading Coach; City Officers; State Trumpeters and Kettle Drummer; Purſuivants, Athlone Purſuivant at Arms, Serjeants at Arms; King of Arms; City Marſhal; Mace Bearer, Sword Bearer, and Sheriffs on Horſeback; the Lord Mayor in his Coach, the City Guards walking on each Side of it, followed by the Aldermen in their Coaches, attended by a Squadron of Dragoons. When they came to the Caſtle, the Lord Mayor went to the Foot of the Great Stairs, where he preſented the City Sword (drawn) to their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, who ſheathed it, and returned it to the Ceremony: They then returned to the Caſtle Gate, where, after the Serjeant Trumpeter had ſounded a Call thrice, Athlone Purſuivant made an O Yez thrice, and Ulſter King of Arms read His Majeſty's Proclamation. In this Method the Proceſſion was made to the Tholſel, Corn Market, the Old Bridge, Ormond Bridge, and Eſſex Bridge; at which Places the Proclamation was read by Ulſter in the ſame Manner. They then returned to the Caſtle, and the Lord Mayor was conducted by Ulſter, and the reſt of the State Officers, to the Preſence-Chamber, when his Lordſhip acquainted their Excellencies, that the King of Arms had publiſhed the Proclamation in the uſual Places of the City. Then their Excellencies drank His Majeſty's Health: At which Time the Great Guns in the Park fired three Rounds of twenty one Guns. At each Place, where the Proclamation was made, the Spectators expreſſed their Satisfaction on the Occaſion, by loud Acclamations. The State Officers and the Squadron conducted the Lord Mayor to the Mayoralty Houſe, where they all drank the King's Health; and the Evening was concluded with Ringing of Bells, Bonfires, and other Demonſtrations of Joy.

Exchequer Bill Office, April 9, 1763.

The Paymaſters of Exchequer Bills give Notice, that the Principal Sum of 500,000 l. in Exchequer Bills, iſſued for the Debt of the Navy and for Naval Services, in the Year 1762, and numbered from N° 14,001, to N° 21 000 inclusive, are directed to be paid off at this Office on the 14th Day of this Inſtant April, together with the Intereſt due thereon to that Day: And Attendance for that Purpoſe will be given at their Office near the Exchequer, Weſtminſter, on the ſaid 14th Day of April, and the ſucceeding Days, from Ten in the Morning till One in the Afternoon. (Sundays and Holydays excepted.) And for the greater Diſpatch, the Bearers of the ſaid Bills are deſired to bring Liſts thereof, containing the Numbers, Times of Commencement of Intereſt, with the Principal Sums, and Intereſt due on ſuch Bills, computed by the Quarters, and Days in the Year, to the ſaid 14th of April; on which Day the Intereſt will ceaſe; and to put their Names and Places of Abode on ſuch Liſts, and endorſe their Names on the Back of thoſe Bills.

Aſſurance Office Serjeants Inn, Fleet Street, April 9, 1763.

The Corporation of the Amicable Society for a Perpetual Aſſurance Office do hereby give Notice, that at Old Lady-Day laſt there were in Arrear Five Quarterly Payments due to the ſaid Society on each of the ſeveral Policies numbered as follows, viz.

N° 19, 79, 80, 91, 93, 94, 139, 140, 146, 147, 148, 173, 184, 303, 421, 422, 477, 486, 487, 496, 497, 577, 596, 598, 607, 683, 689, 740, 767, 769, 771, 778, 834, 835, 836, 852, 853, 855, 904, 905, 909, 910, 912, 967, 1179, 1280, 1286, 1461, 1953, *and* 1970.

On each of which ſaid Policies there is due to the ſaid Society for the ſaid Five Quarterly Payments, the Sum of Six Pounds Seventeen Shillings; and that unleſs the ſeveral Perſons entitled to the ſaid Policies numbered as above, do pay off their Arrears within three Calender Months from the Date hereof, ſuch Defaulters, their Nominees, and their reſpective Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, will, by Virtue of the Supplemental Charter of the ſaid Society, ſtand abſolutely excluded.

John Pye, *Regiſter.*

WATER PROOF CLOTH,

By the King's Patent, dated April 1, 1763,

FOR the Invention of a Preparation, called Water Proof, whereby to prevent Rain Water from penetrating Woollen Cloth and Hats. It is granted unto Samuel Elmſley, of Wakefield in the County of York, Woollen Draper, his Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, to have and enjoy the whole and ſole Profit, Benefit and Advantage ariſing from the ſaid Invention or Preparation, for the Time of 14 Years therein expreſſed; and all Perſons, Bodies politick and corporate, and all other Subjects whatſoever, are abſolutely forbid, directly or indirectly, the Uſing, or putting in Practice, the ſaid Invention or Preparation, or any Part of the ſame, or anywiſe Counterfeiting, Imitating or Reſembling, or Making any Addition to, or Subſtracting from, the ſame, under ſuch Pains and Penalties, as, in the ſaid Patent, are ex-